Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation

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Slides are available at:

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Click on Previous Conferences then 2023 Workshop

Workshop Agenda

Торіс	Time
Introduction	8:00 - 8:30
Distresses of asphalt and concrete pavements	8:30 - 9:30
Break	9:30 – 9:45
Pavement evaluation techniques	9:45 - 10:30
Drainage	10:30-10:45
Break	10:45 - 11:00
Materials for maintenance and rehabilitation	11:00 - 11:30
Pavement preservation timing and treatments	11:30 - 12:00
Lunch	12:00 - 12:45
Pavement preservation (Continued)	12:45 - 1:30
Preparation before resurfacing or restoration	1:30 - 2:00
Break	2:00 – 2:15
Hot-mix asphalt overlay	2:15 – 2:45
Recycling of asphalt pavement materials	2:45 - 3:30
Concrete Pavement Preservation	3:30 - 4:30

Pavement Types

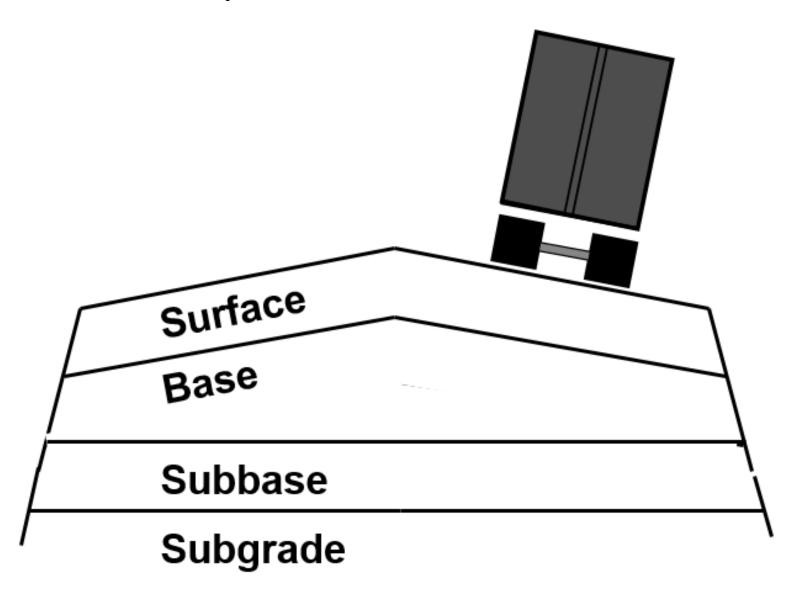
Flexible (asphalt)
 Rigid (concrete)
 Composite



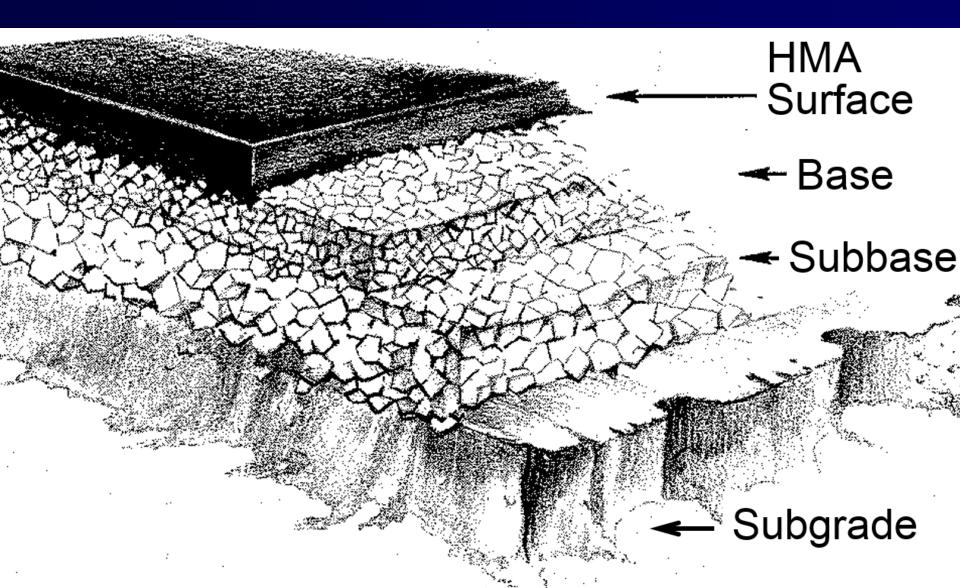
Comparison of Flexible and Rigid Pavements

- Asphalt roads are less durable
- Asphalt roads are less expensive
- 93% asphalt roads in the U.S.
- Selection should be based on lifecycle cost analysis

Asphalt Pavement

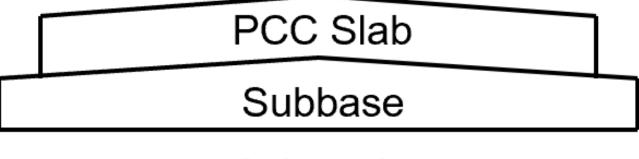


Asphalt Pavement



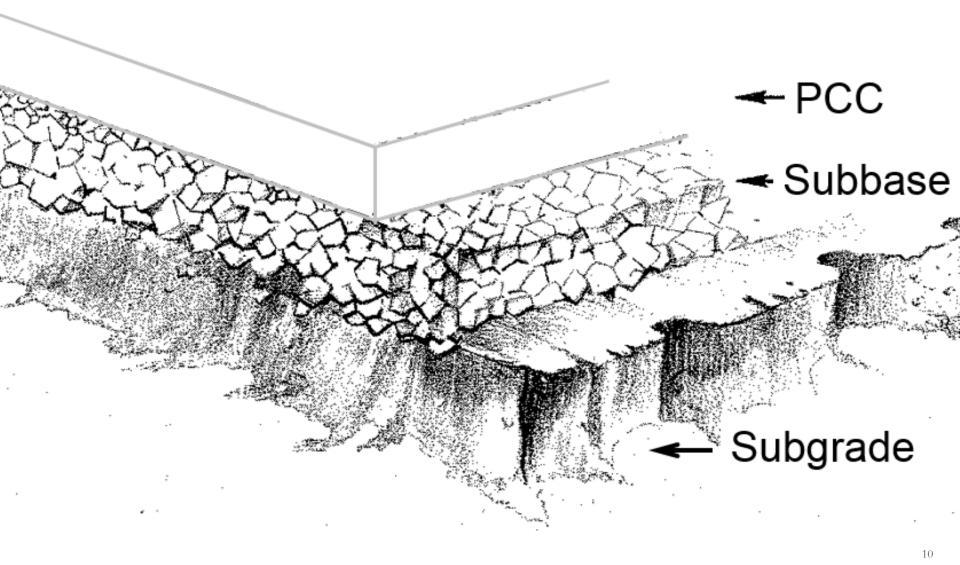


Concrete Pavement



Subgrade

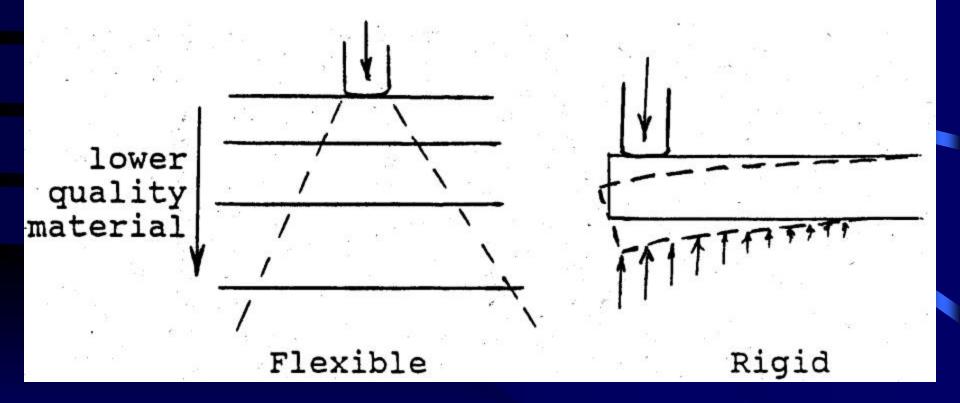
Concrete Pavement





- Asphalt roads have relatively short lives
- Asphalt roads are less expensive
- Selection should be based on lifecycle cost analysis
- 93% asphalt roads in the U.S.
- Maintenance and rehabilitation of existing roads represent most of the activities

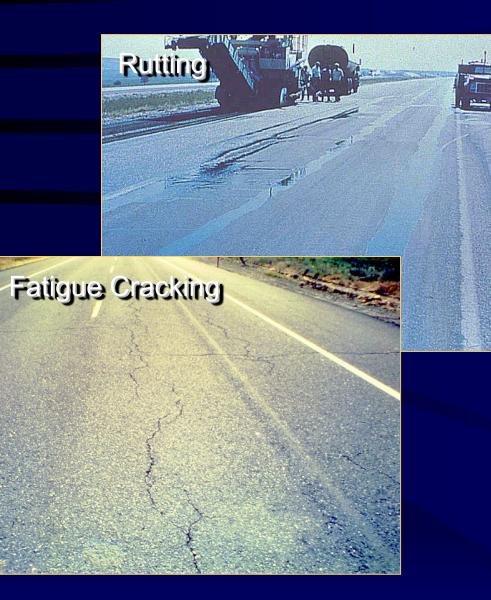
Load Distribution in Flexible and Rigid Pavements



Challenges in Pavement Design ➤ Hard to estimate service life \succ Different load magnitudes, configurations and speeds >Multilayer system Viscoelastic, non-linear materials Material properties are affected by environmental conditions Unconventional definition of failure

Distresses vs. Failure

When a distress or a combination of distresses reaches a certain unacceptable level it is considered failure



Distresses in Asphalt Pavement

Thermal Cracking

Distresses in Asphalt – Pavement (Cont.)



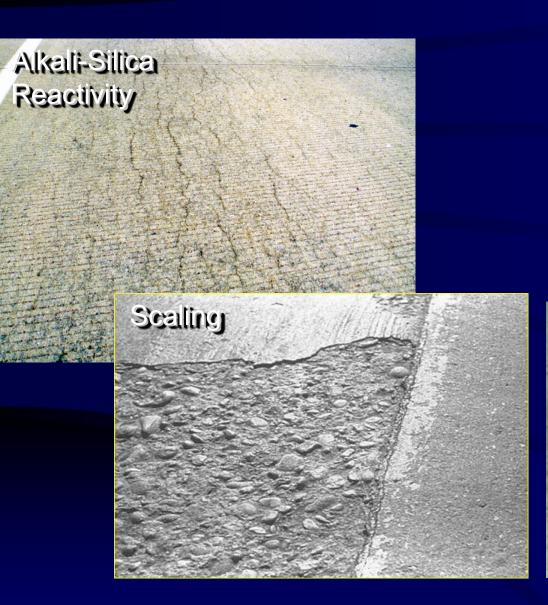
Roughness





Distresses in Concrete Pavement



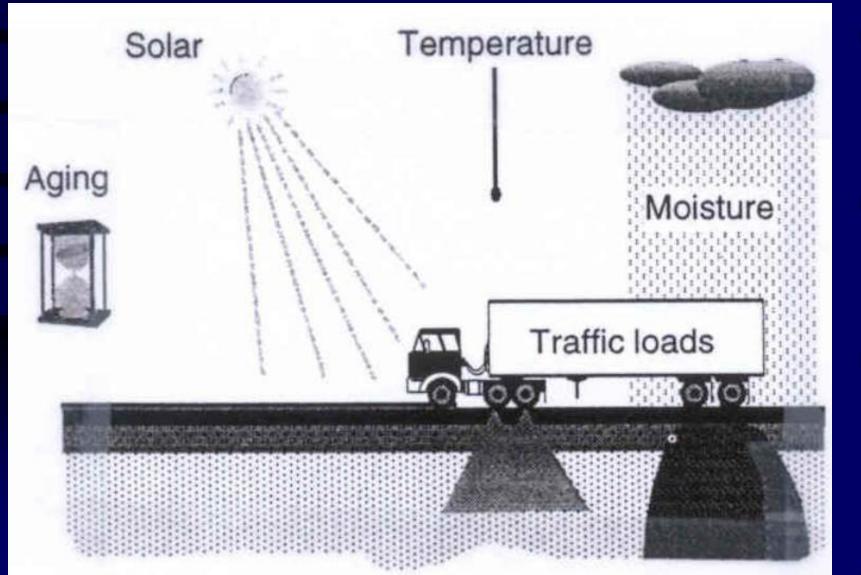


Distresses in Concrete Pavement (Cont.)



Major Research Projects
AASHO Road Test (1958-1961)
Strategic Highway Research Program (SHRP) (1987-1993)

Mechanistic-Empirical Pavement Design (AASHTOWare Pavement ME Design)

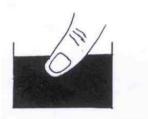


Traffic
 Soil and pavement materials
 Environment
 Construction and maintenance

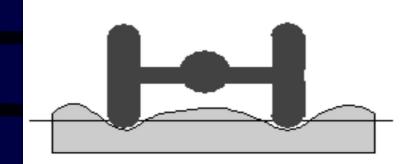
Traffic

Traffic has a major effect on pavement performance

- Traffic volume
- Traffic load
- ≻Tire pressure
- >Rate of applying load



Severe Traffic Conditions





Heavy load and high traffic volume

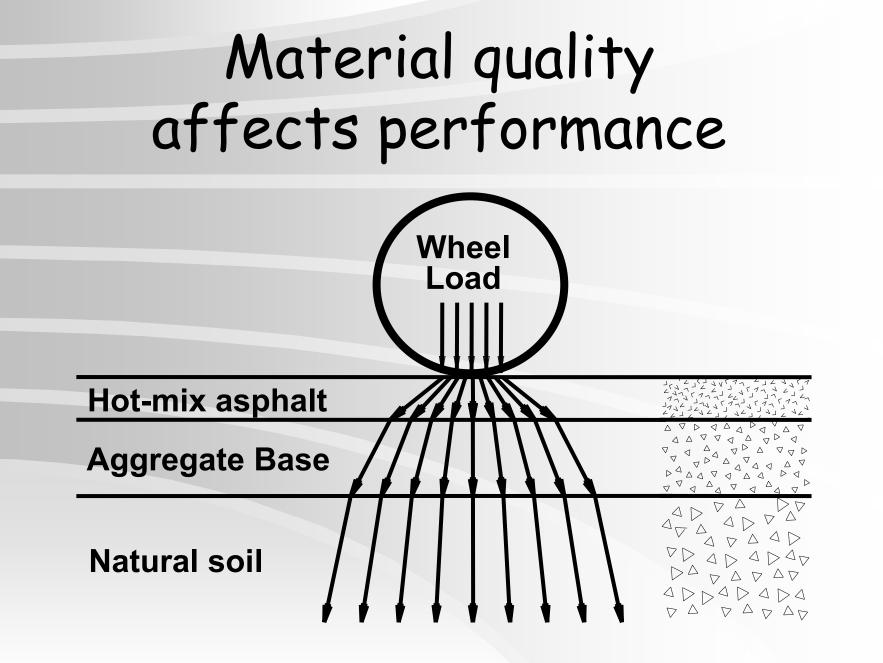
High tire pressure



Slow moving vehicles



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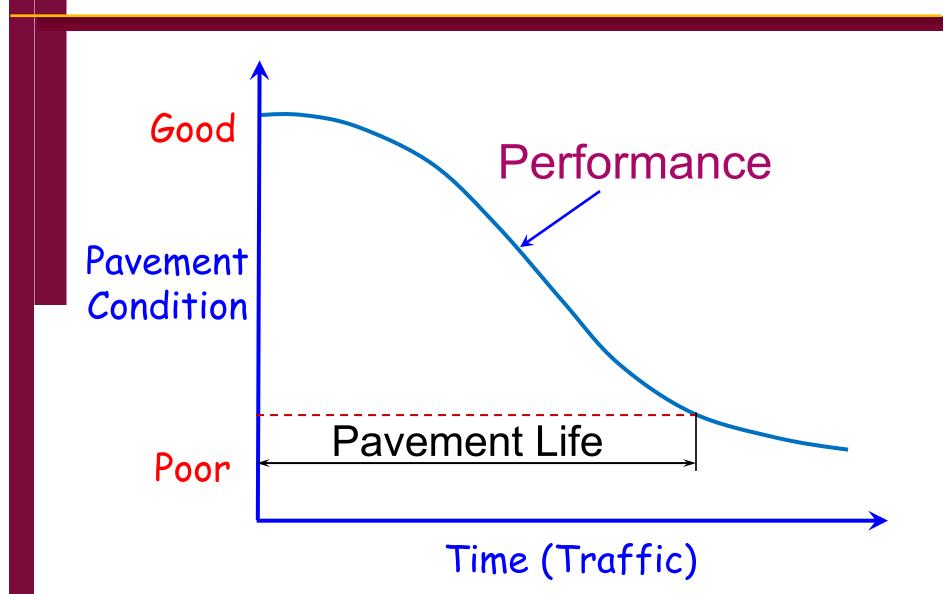


- 1. Traffic
- 2. Soil and pavement materials
- 3. Environment
 - Moisture
 - Temperature
 - Aging

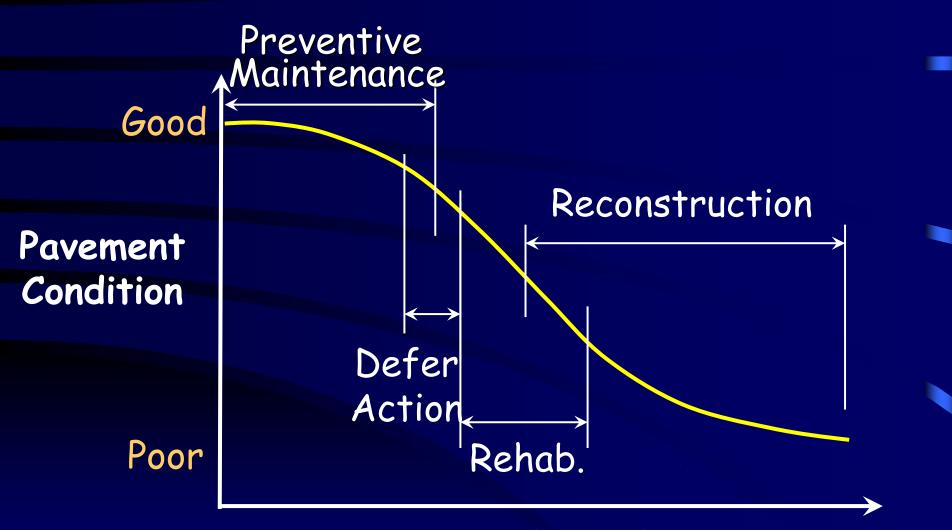
4. Construction and maintenance

Traffic
 Soil and pavement materials
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Pavement Performance



Maintenance vs. Rehabilitation



Time (Years)

Pavement Design Approaches

- Based on experience (ie, standard sections)
- Methods based on simple strength tests or soil formula
- >Empirical (1993 AASHTO)
- Mechanistic-empirical (AASHTOWare ME Design method)



> There is no such thing called dumb question. > There are always dumb answers !!!

